COURSE OUTLINE

GEOTECHNICAL HAZARDS: UNDERSTANDING – HAZARD ASSESSMENT – PREVENTION AND PROTECTION MEASURES

1. GENERAL

SCHOOL	SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING				
DEPARTMENT	PREVENTION AND MANAGEMENT OF CRISIS AND				
	DISASTERS: INNOVATIVE TECHNIQUES IN CIVIL				
	PROTECTION				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	<u>'</u>				
COURSE CODE	CP05.2	SEMESTER 8 th Semester			
COURSE TITLE	Geotechnical hazards: understanding – hazard assessment				
	 prevention and protection measures 				
	TEACHING ACTIVITIES				
If the ECTS Credits are distributed in distinct parts of the			TEACHING	,	
course e.g. lectures, labs etc. If the ECTS Credits are			HOURS PER		ECTS CREDITS
awarded to the whole course, then please indicate the			WEEK	``	
teaching hours per week and the corresponding ECTS					
Credits.					
		3.0		6.0	
Please, add lines if necessary. Teaching methods and					
organization of the course are described in section 4.					
COURSE TYPE	Scientific Are	ea			
Background, General					
Knowledge, Scientific Area,					
Skill Development					
PREREQUISITES:	NO				
TEACHING & EXAMINATION	Greek, English				
LANGUAGE:					
COURSE OFFERED TO	YES				
ERASMUS STUDENTS:					
COURSE URL:	https://eclass.duth.gr/courses/				

2. LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning Outcomes

Please describe the learning outcomes of the course: Knowledge, skills and abilities acquired after the successful completion of the course.

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Understand the fundamental geotechnical hazards and their causes.
- Evaluate and identify susceptible areas and their associated risks.
- Understand both immediate and long-term mitigation measures.
- Recognize the importance of raising awareness and coexistence between local communities and geohazards through appropriate education and preventive measures.
- Be capable of guiding proper practices for communication during hazardous events and promote community resiliencefor rapid recovery.

General Skills

Name the desirable general skills upon successful completion of the module

Search, analysis and synthesis of data and Project design and management

information, Equity and Inclusion

ICT Use Respect for the natural environment

Adaptation to new situations Sustainability

Decision making Demonstration of social, professional and moral Autonomous work responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Teamwork Critical thinking

Working in an international environment Promoting free, creative and inductive

Working in an interdisciplinary reasoning

environment

Production of new research ideas

Adaptation to new situations

Decision making

Working in an interdisciplinary environment

Project design and management Respect for the natural environment

Promoting free, creative and inductive reasoning

3. COURSE CONTENT

This course provides an introductory insight into hazards related to soil failures and large ground deformations. It describes the most significant geotechnical hazards, emphasizing earthquakes and their associated or induced phenomena, landslides of soil and rock slopes, rockfalls, large-scale ground movements (soil subsidence, movements of natural and artificial slopes), and more. The course exploits the primary causes of these hazards, failure mechanisms, and key characteristics of their manifestations. Methods for immediate and long-term mitigation, as well as temporary or permanent countermeasures, are recommended. Finally, the significance of effective public education and awareness, clear communication strategies, and empowering local communities is emphasized.

- 1. Introduction to geotechnical hazards
- **2.** Subsidence large deformations dynamic settlements: mechanisms causes mitigation measures
- **3.** Fundamentals of earthquake generation mechanisms and parameters affecting seismic motion. Examples from historical events and records.
- **4.** Soil liquefaction under seismic loading: mechanism, susceptibility, impacts, and mitigation measures.
- 5. Seismic behavior of geotechnical structures: examples and analysis methods.
- **6.** Landslides: the natural phenomenon, classification, terminology, natural and anthropogenic causes.
- 7. Landslides as a natural hazard and the associated risk.
- **8.** Landslide mitigation: active and passive measures. Examples and applications from landslides in Greece.
- **9.** Rock slope failures: types, mechanisms, causes, consequences, and case studies from Greece and worldwide.
- **10.** Rock slope failure mitigation: passive and active protective measures.
- **11.** Study and investigation of geohazards in relation to spatial scale.
- 12. Modern methods and tools in geotechnical hazard analysis.

13. Public awareness – education and proactive measures in areas vulnerable to geotechnical hazards.

4. LEARNING & TEACHING METHODS - EVALUATION

TEACHING METHOD Face to face Face to face, Distance learning, Distance learning **USE OF INFORMATION &**

COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY (ICT)

Use of ICT in Teaching, in Laboratory Education, in Communication with students Use of ICT in Teaching

Use of ICT in Communication with students

TEACHING ORGANIZATION

The ways and methods of teaching are described in detail.

Lectures, Seminars, Laboratory Field Exercise, Exercise, Bibliographic research & analysis, Tutoring, Internship (Placement), Clinical Exercise, Art Workshop, Interactive learning, Study visits, Study / creation, project, creation, project. Etc.

The supervised and unsupervised workload per activity is indicated here, so that total workload per semester complies to ECTS standards.

Activity	Workload/semester
Lectures	39
Essay	50
Study	60
Examination (essay presentation)	1
Total	150

STUDENT EVALUATION

Description of the evaluation process

Assessment Language, Assessment *Formative* Methods, Concluding, Multiple Choice Test, Short Answer Questions, Essay Development Questions, Problem Solving, Written Assignment, Essay / Report, Oral Exam, Presentation in audience, Laboratory Report, Clinical examination of a patient, interpretation, Artistic Other/Others

Please indicate all relevant information about the course assessment and how students are informed

Student evaluation languages

Greek

English

Method (Formative or Concluding)

Concluding

Essay: Assessed based on the quality of research, critical thinking, ability to analyze and synthesize information, and the application of appropriate solutions.

Essay presentation of Assignment: Evaluated on the ability to present complex topics in an understandable manner, communication skills, and adaptability to questions and feedback.

In-class participation: Assessed based on engagement and the ability to apply learned concepts to practical applications.

5. SUGGESTED BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Geotechnical Earthquake Engineering, Steven L. Kramer & Jonathan P. Stewart, 2nd Edition, Taylor and Francis Group, 2024
- 2. Landslides Investigation and Mitigation, Eds: Keith Turner & Robert Schuster, National Academy Press, 1996
- 3. Rock Slope Engineering, Duncan C. Wyllie, 5th Edition, CRC Press, 2017
- 4. Φυσικές και Τεχνολογικές Καταστροφές, Ευθύμιος Λ. Λέκκας, 2η Έκδοση, Τομέας Δυναμικής, Τεκτονικής & Εφαρμοσμένης Γεωλογίας Τμήμα Γεωλογίας και Γεωπεριβάλλοντος Ε.Κ.Π.Α., 2000