COURSE OUTLINE HYDROMETEREOLOGICAL DISASTERS PREDICTION AND MANAGEMENT

1. GENERAL

SCHOOL	SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING				
DEPARTMENT	PREVENTION AND MANAGEMENT OF CRISIS AND				
	DISASTERS: INNOVATIVE TECHNIQUES IN CIVIL				
	PROTECTION				
LEVEL OF STUDIES	ISCED level 7 – Master's or equivalent level				
COURSE CODE	CP10.3	SEMESTER 8 th Semester			
COURSE TITLE	Geotechnical hazards: understanding – hazard assessment				
COURSE TITLE	 prevention and protection measures 				
TEACHING ACT	IVITIES				
If the ECTS Credits are distribute	outed in distinct parts of the TEACHING				
course e.g. lectures, labs etc.	course e.g. lectures, labs etc. If the ECTS Credits are				ECTS CREDITS
awarded to the whole course, then please indicate the			HOURS PE	''	EC13 CREDITS
teaching hours per week and t	I the corresponding ECTS				
Credits.					
			3.0		6.0
Please, add lines if necessary. Teaching methods and					
organization of the course are described in section 4.					
COURSE TYPE	Scientific Area				
Background, General					
Knowledge, Scientific Area,					
Skill Development					
PREREQUISITES:	NO				
TEACHING & EXAMINATION	Greek, English				
LANGUAGE:					
COURSE OFFERED TO	YES				
ERASMUS STUDENTS:					
COURSE URL:	https://eclass.duth.gr/courses/				

2. LEARNING OUTCOMES

Learning Outcomes

Please describe the learning outcomes of the course: Knowledge, skills and abilities acquired after the successful completion of the course.

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Understand the key issues of flood management as well as the processes that govern the generation and propagation of floods.
- Address the dynamics of flood risk in a changing climate
- Develop comprehensive flood risk management strategies in a changing climate
- Implement structural and non-structural measures to reduce flood risks
- Develop preparedness and response plans to effectively reduce flood risk
- Integrate flood restoration programs into flood risk management strategies
- Address emergency flood risk management issues.
- Know the impact that climate change will have on the human, natural and built
 environment, covering key aspects such as water resources, flooding, sea level rise and
 coasts, health, transport, infrastructure and cities.

• Be able to evaluate, propose and implement sustainable adaptation strategies to basic infrastructure and environmental regulations.

General Skills

Name the desirable general skills upon successful completion of the module Search, analysis and synthesis of data and Project design and management

information, Equity and Inclusion

ICT Use Respect for the natural environment

Adaptation to new situations Sustainability

Decision making

Demonstration of social, professional and moral responsibility and sensitivity to gender issues

Teamwork Critical thinking

Working in an international environment Promoting free, creative and inductive

Working in an interdisciplinary reasoning

environment

Production of new research ideas

Adaptation to new situations

Decision making

Working in an interdisciplinary environment

Project design and management
Respect for the natural environment

Promoting free, creative and inductive reasoning

3. COURSE CONTENT

- 1. Introduction to floods, their categories and mechanisms.
- **2.** Analysis of flood hydrological processes (estimation of rainfall losses and the rainfall-runoff mechanism).
- 3. Hydrological flood channeling.
- **4.** Hydraulic flood simulation with open source software.
- **5.** Analysis and evaluation of technical flood control projects.
- **6.** Analysis of natural flood management solutions.
- 7. Introduction to the concept of drought
- 8. Types of drought Drought Indicators
- **9.** Dynamic evapotranspiration, plant coefficient, effective precipitation, crop water needs.
- 10. Drought assessment models water balance
- 11. Drought and Water Resources Management
- 12. Climate change and drought
- 13. Industrial and technical projects to address drought

4. LEARNING & TEACHING METHODS - EVALUATION

TEACHING METHOD	Face to face		
Face to face, Distance learning,			
etc.			
USE OF INFORMATION &	Use of ICT in Teaching		
COMMUNICATIONS	Use of ICT in Communication with students		
TECHNOLOGY (ICT)			
Use of ICT in Teaching, in			

Laboratory Education, in					
Communication with students					
TEACHING ORGANIZATION	Activity	Workload/semester			
The ways and methods of teaching	Lectures	39			
are described in detail.	Essay	60			
Lectures, Seminars, Laboratory	Study	78			
Exercise, Field Exercise,	Examinations	3			
Bibliographic research & analysis,	Total	180			
Tutoring, Internship (Placement),					
Clinical Exercise, Art Workshop,					
Interactive learning, Study visits,					
Study / creation, project, creation,					
project. Etc.					
The supervised and unsupervised					
workload per activity is indicated					
here, so that total workload per semester complies to ECTS					
semester complies to ECTS standards.					
STUDENT EVALUATION					
Description of the evaluation					
process	Student evaluation languages				
process	Greek				
Assessment Language, Assessment	Method (Formative or Concluding)				
Methods, Formative or					
Concluding, Multiple Choice Test,	Summative				
Short Answer Questions, Essay	Student evaluation methods				
Development Questions, Problem	Written Exam with Problem So	lving 50%			
Solving, Written Assignment, Essay	Mid term exams	50%			
/ Report, Oral Exam, Presentation					
in audience, Laboratory Report,					
Clinical examination of a patient,					
Artistic interpretation,					
Other/Others					
Discourse indicates all the					
Please indicate all relevant					
information about the course					

5. SUGGESTED BIBLIOGRAPHY

assessment and how students are

informed

- 1. Τσακίρης Γ. (Υπεύθυνος Έκδοσης), (1995). «ΥΔΑΤΙΚΟΙ ΠΟΡΟΙ: Ι. Τεχνική Υδρολογία», Εκδόσεις Συμμετρία, Αθήνα, ISBN 960-266-003-1.
- 2. Σακκάς Ι.Γ. (2004). «ΤΕΧΝΙΚΗ ΥΔΡΟΛΟΓΙΑ, Τόμος 1, Υδρολογία Επιφανειακών Υδάτων», Εκδόσεις Αϊβάζη, Θεσσαλονίκη.
- 3. Spiliotis M., Iglesias A. and Garrote L., 2020. A multicriteria fuzzy pattern recognition approach for assessing the vulnerability to drought: Mediterranean region. Evolving Systems (in print, https://doi.org/10.1007/s12530-020-09332-7
- 4. Τσακίρης Γ. (2006). Υδραυλικά έργα: Σχεδιασμός και διαχείριση, Εγγειοβελτιωτικά έργα. Εκδόσεις Συμμετρία.